

contacting a ~~fluid~~ monoolefin stream comprising one or more monoolefins and ~~conjugated olefins~~ with a Diels-Alder dienophile to ~~provide a fluid comprising a~~ Diels-Alder adduct and monoolefins; convert one or more conjugated olefins present in the monoolefin stream to a Diels-Alder adduct;

and removing the Diels-Alder adduct from the monoolefin stream, thereby purifying the monoolefin stream such that it comprises ~~recovering a resulting monoolefin-~~ containing fluid comprising less than about 50 parts per million (ppm) conjugated olefins.

2. Cancelled.
5. (Amended) A process according to claim 1 wherein said conjugated olefins comprise at least about ~~about~~ 4 carbon atoms per molecule and no more than about 10 carbon atoms per molecule.
12. (Amended) A process according to claim 1 wherein said ~~resulting monoolefin-~~ containing fluid purified monoolefin stream comprises less than about 25 parts per million conjugated olefins.
13. (Amended) A process according to claim 1 wherein said ~~resulting monoolefin-~~ containing fluid purified monoolefin stream comprises less than about 10 parts per million conjugated olefins.
14. Cancelled.
15. (Amended) A process according to claim ~~14~~ 1 wherein said ~~separating means~~ removing is selected from the group consisting of distillation, adsorption, membrane separation, and combinations thereof.

16. (Amended) A process according to claim 1 wherein said ~~recovering~~ removing is conducted using reactive distillation.

Please add new claims 19, 20, 21, and 22 as follows.

19. The process according to claim 1 wherein said Diels-Alder dienophile is generally represented by the formula:



$R^1 = H, C(=O)OR^5, C(=O)R^6, C(=O)NR^7R^8, CN, C_1 \text{ to } C_{30} \text{ alkyl, and aromatic,}$

$R^2 = H, C(=O)OR^5, C(=O)R^6, C(=O)NR^7R^8, CN, C_1 \text{ to } C_{30} \text{ alkyl, and aromatic,}$

$R^3 = H, C(=O)OR^5, C(=O)R^6, C(=O)NR^7R^8, CN, C_1 \text{ to } C_{30} \text{ alkyl, and aromatic,}$

$R^4 = H, C(=O)OR^5, C(=O)R^6, C(=O)NR^7R^8, CN, C_1 \text{ to } C_{30} \text{ alkyl, and aromatic,}$

$R^5 = C_1 \text{ to } C_{10} \text{ alkyl, aromatic, and } (H)C=CH_2,$

$R^6 = C_1 \text{ to } C_{10} \text{ alkyl, aromatic, and } (H)C=CH_2,$

$R^7 = C_1 \text{ to } C_{10} \text{ alkyl, aromatic, and}$

$R^8 = C_1 \text{ to } C_{10} \text{ alkyl, and aromatic.}$

20. The process according to claim 1 wherein said Diels-Alder dienophile is generally represented by the formula:



$R^1 = H, C(=O)OR^3, C(=O)R^4, C(=O)NR^5R^6, CN, C_1 \text{ to } C_{10} \text{ alkyl, and aromatic,}$

$R^2 = H, C(=O)OR^3, C(=O)R^4, C(=O)NR^5R^6, CN, C_1 \text{ to } C_{10} \text{ alkyl, and aromatic}$

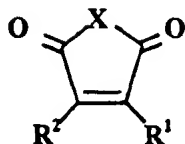
$R^3 = C_1 \text{ to } C_{10} \text{ alkyl, and aromatic,}$

$R^4 = H, C_1 \text{ to } C_{10} \text{ alkyl, and aromatic,}$

$R^5 = C_1 \text{ to } C_{10} \text{ alkyl, and aromatic, and}$

$R^6 = C_1 \text{ to } C_{10} \text{ alkyl, and aromatic.}$

21. The process according to claim 1 wherein said Diels-Alder dienophile is generally represented by the formula:

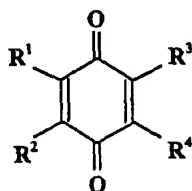


where X = O, N, and S,

R<sup>1</sup> = H, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, and aromatic, and

R<sup>2</sup> = H, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, and aromatic.

22. The process according to claim 1 wherein said Diels-Alder dienophile is generally represented by the formula:



where

R<sup>1</sup> = H, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, and aromatic, and (H)C=CH<sub>2</sub>,

R<sup>2</sup> = H, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, aromatic, and (H)C=CH<sub>2</sub>,

R<sup>3</sup> = H, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, aromatic, and (H)C=CH<sub>2</sub>, and

R<sup>4</sup> = H, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, aromatic, and (H)C=CH<sub>2</sub>.